

# **PMP Training Topics**

### Section 1: Creating a High-Performing Team

- Section 1.1: Building a team
  - Assess and evaluate team members skills
  - Analyse and deduce project resource requirements
  - Continuously assess and refresh team skills to meet project needs
  - Continuous Learning and Knowledge Transfer
- Section 1.2: Defining team ground rules
  - Communicate organizational principles with team and external stakeholders
  - Establish a conducive environment that fosters adherence to ground rules
  - Manage ground rule violations
- Section 1.3: Negotiating project agreements
  - Analyse the boundaries of negotiations for agreement
  - Assess the priorities and determine the objectives
  - Verify if the objectives of the project agreement are met
  - Participate in agreement negotiations
  - Determine a negotiation strategy
- Section 1.4: Empowering team members and stakeholders
  - Organize around team strengths
  - Support team task accountability
  - Determine and bestow levels of decision-making authority
- > Section 1.5: Training team members and stakeholders
  - Determine competencies and elements of training
  - Determine training options based on training needs
  - Allocate resources for training
  - Measure training outcomes
- Section 1.6: Engaging and supporting virtual teams
  - Examine virtual team members needs
  - Investigate options for colocation
  - Implement appropriate communication channels for virtual team member engagement
  - Continually monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of virtual team member engagement
- Section 1.7: Building shared understanding about a project
  - Identify the root cause of misunderstanding
  - Try to reach consensus among all parties
  - Support outcomes of parties' agreement



### Section 2: Starting the Project

- Section 2.1: Determining the best project methodology, methods and practices for the work
  - Assess project needs, complexity, and magnitude
  - Recommend project execution strategy (e.g., contracting, finance)
  - Recommend a project methodology/approach (i.e., predictive, agile, hybrid)
  - Use iterative, incremental practices throughout the project life cycle
- Section 2.2: Planning and managing scope
  - Determine and prioritize requirements
  - Break down scope (e.g., WBS, backlog)
  - Monitor and validate scope
- Section 2.3: Planning and managing budgets and resources
  - Estimate budgetary needs based on the scope of the project and lessons learnedfrom past projects
  - Anticipate future budget challenges
  - Monitor budget variations and work with governance process to adjust asnecessary
  - Plan and manage resources
- Section 2.4: Planning and managing your schedule
  - Estimate project tasks (milestones, dependencies, story points)
  - Utilize benchmarks and historical data
  - Prepare schedule based on methodology
  - Measure ongoing progress based on methodology
  - Modify schedule, as needed, based on methodology
  - Coordinate with other projects and other operations
- Section 2.5: Planning and managing quality of products/deliverables
  - Determine quality standard required for project deliverables
  - Recommend options for improvement based on quality gaps
  - Continually survey project deliverable quality
- Section 2.6: Planning and managing procurement
  - Define resource requirements and needs
  - Communicate resource requirements
  - Manage suppliers/contracts
  - Plan and manage procurement strategy
  - Develop a delivery solution
- Section 2.7: Integrating project planning activities



- Consolidate the project/phase plans
- Assess consolidated project plans for dependencies, gaps, and continued businessvalue
- Analyze the data collected
- Collect and analyze data to make informed project decisions
- Determine critical information requirements
- > Section 2.8: Establishing a project governance structure
  - Determine appropriate governance for a project
  - Define escalation paths and thresholds
- Section 2.9: Planning and managing project phase closure or transitions
  - Determine criteria to successfully close the project or phase
  - Validate readiness for transition (e.g., to operations team or next phase)
  - Conclude activities to close out project or phase (e.g., final lessons learned,retrospective, procurement, financials, resources)
- Section 3: Doing the Work
  - Section 3.1: How to assess and manage risks
    - Determine risk management options
    - Iteratively assess and prioritize risks
  - Section 3.2: How to focus on delivering business value
    - Assess opportunities to deliver value incrementally
    - Examine the business value throughout the project
    - Support the team to subdivide project tasks as necessary to find the minimumviable product
  - Section 3.3: Managing communications
    - Analyze communication needs of all stakeholders
    - Determine communication methods, channels, frequency, and level of detail for allstakeholders
    - Communicate project information and updates effectively
    - Confirm communication is understood and feedback is received
  - Section 3.4: Working with stakeholders
    - Analyze stakeholders (e.g., power interest grid, influence, impact)
    - Categorize stakeholders
    - Engage stakeholders by category
    - Develop, execute, and validate a strategy for stakeholder engagement
  - Section 3.5: Creating project artifacts



- Determine the requirements (what, when, where, who, etc.) for managing the project artifacts
- Validate that the project information is kept up to date (i.e., version control) and accessible to all stakeholders
- Continually assess the effectiveness of the management of the project artifacts

# Section 3.6: How to manage project changes

- Anticipate and embrace the need for change (e.g., follow change managementpractices)
- Determine strategy to handle change
- Execute change management strategy according to the methodology
- Determine a change response to move the project forward

### Section 3.7: How to manage projects issues

- Recognize when a risk becomes an issue
- Attack the issue with the optimal action to achieve project success
- Collaborate with relevant stakeholders on the approach to resolve the issues

# Section 3.8: How to ensure knowledge transfer for project continuity

- Discuss project responsibilities within team
- Outline expectations for working environment
- Confirm approach for knowledge transfers

### Section 4: Keeping the Team on Track

# SYSTEMZ

### Section 4.1: Leading a team

- Set clear vision and mission
- Support cultural differences
- Value servant leadership and lead by example
- Inspire, motivate, and influence team members/stakeholders
- Analyse and understand team members/stakeholders influence
- Maintain coordination between multiple project teams

#### Section 4.2: Supporting team performance

- Set KPIs for team members and appraise their performance against those KPIs
- Support and recognize team members growth and development
- Verify performance improvements

### Section 4.3: Addressing and removing impediments, obstacles and blockers

• Determine and prioritize critical impediments for the team



- Solve impediments, obstacles using organizational network
- Reassess and continuously address the challenges faced by the team
- Section 4.4: Managing conflict
  - Interpret the source and stage of conflict
  - Analyze the context for conflict
  - Evaluate or recommend the appropriate conflict resolution technique
- Section 4.5: Collaborating with stakeholders
  - Evaluate engagement needs of the stakeholders
  - Optimize alignment between stakeholder needs, expectations and project objectives
  - Build trust and influence stakeholders to accomplish project objectives
- > Section 4.6: Mentoring stakeholders
  - Allocate the time to mentoring
  - Recognize and act on mentoring opportunities
- > Section 4.7: Using emotional intelligence to promote team performance
  - Analyze personality indicators and adjust to the emotional needs of key project stakeholders
- Section 5: Keeping the Business in Mind
  - > Section 5.1: Managing compliance requirements
    - Confirm project compliance requirements (e.g., security, health and safety, regulatory compliance)
    - Classify compliance categories
    - Determine potential threats to compliance
    - Use methods to support compliance
    - Analyze the consequences of noncompliance
    - Determine necessary approach and action to address compliance needs
    - Measure the extent to which the project is in compliance
  - Section 5.2: Evaluating and delivering project benefits and value
    - Investigate that benefits are identified
    - Document agreement on ownership for ongoing benefit realization
    - Verify measurement system is in place to track benefits
    - Evaluate delivery options to demonstrate value
    - Appraise stakeholders of value gain progress
  - Section 5.3: Evaluating and addressing internal and external business environment changes
    - Survey changes to external business environment (e.g., regulations, technology,geopolitical, market)

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- Assess and prioritize impact on project scope/backlog based on changes inexternal business environment
- Recommend options for scope/backlog changes (e.g., schedule, cost changes)
- Continually review external business environment for impacts on projectscope/backlog

# Section 5.4: Supporting organizational change

- Assess organizational culture
- Evaluate impact of organizational change to project and determine requiredactions
- Evaluate impact of the project to the organization and determine required actions

# Section 5.6: Employing continuous process improvement

- Continuously retrospect and gather lessons learned
- Select areas of improvement
- Identify and Implement action plan
- Evaluate and measure progress based on action plan
- Compare results with desired performance goals
- Determine corrective actions

